



THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XVI, No. 8

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, July 19, 1928

Price: \$2.00 Per Year

United Church

Church School, 10:30 a.m.
Subject: "Human and Divine."

In nature, one species of life suffers in order that another might live; in humanity, the individual who loves most must often suffer most; to Divinity, the Godhead has suffered and still continues to suffer because men continue to sin.

The Church School, 10:30 a.m.
Public Worship, 11:30 a.m.

Leland at 3 p.m.
Social Photos at 7 p.m.
All are welcome.

Rev. Geo. A. Shields,
Minister.

R.M. Mantario No. 262

NOTICE

In accordance with the provisions of the Highway Act, and of By-Law No. 111 of the above-named Municipality, notices are hereby given that any dirt, rock, fill or material which has been deposited on the road adjacent to the Municipality is to be removed forthwith, and in the event of this not having been done within twenty-four hours after receipt of notice to do so, the Council will order the said removal and charge the expense of same against the land.

L. C. WALKER, Hov. C. EVANS SARGENT, Sec. Town.

We are now in a position to offer you the

World's Best
Cream Separator

"DeLaval"

on the monthly payment plan. Come in and talk it over.

LET US figure on Your

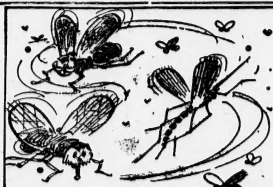
PAINT JOB

We Can Save You Money.

The L. TUCKER

HARDWARE

Service with a Smile.



SWAT THE FLY

We have a large stock of
Screen Doors and Screen Windows
in all sizes for sale cheap.
Also call and see our latest Plan Books before building.
Have some of the latest which are sure to please.

The Empress Lumber Yards

J. N. ANDERSON, prop. Phone 38

"Skeeter" Oil

Try a bottle of our own preparation, you will find it a sure antidote from the attentions of those annoying insects. Pour a little on a handkerchief and lay it on the pillow before retiring.

We carry the best cosmetics and toilet preparations

EMPRESS DRUG CO.

Mayfield and Castle Coombe Churches

Sunday, July 22.
11 a.m., Mayfield Hall.
2:30 p.m., Walsfleet School.
Sunday School will be held immediately following both services. A number were missing from their usual place last Sunday. We hope they will be back with us again this week.

F. G. Meek,
Student in charge.

Edmond Lowe Again A "Tough Guy" In Fox Film

From "What Price Glory," an epic war film to "Is Zat So," a hilarious drama, is the transition made by Edmond Lowe, the tough marine of the battle film and the equally tough prize fighter's manager of the comedy. But here the resemblance ends for instead of the lumpy uniform of Sergeant Quirt, Lowe in the latter picture wears the flashy clothes, (it's his cut, and wise manner of a habitué of the prize ring.

George O'Brien is pugilist whom he manages and he has his troubles doing it, but those who have seen "Is Zat So," which is to have a showing at the Empress Theatre this week, say that while Lowe has his troubles the audience has the laughs.

Kathryn Perry, C. Chadwick, Doris Lloyd, Douglas Fairbanks, and Philippe DeLavey have important roles in this picture.

MOTORISTS

Unlimited parking space for your car when you stop at

The

HOTEL NOBLE

J. A. CURRIAN, Mgr.

1st Street W. and 13th Av.

3 blocks from C.N.R.

One block from Central Park and Public Library

150 ROOMS

50 WITH PRIVATE BATH

Moderate Rates

Our Bus Meets All Trains

CALGARY, ALTA., Canada

An Old-Time County Picnic

Mayfield Picnic this year was a real old time country picnic. The crowd was not as large as in some previous years, but every one seemed to enjoy themselves, entering freely into the many sport events. Baseball was not up to the standard of previous years, as other pastimes for the present seem to have gained public attention.

In the Horse Shoe Tournament Fowmes and Betts were first; W. Leach and R. Stainley, second. Mayfield boys won the Junior Baseball. Bimrose seniors won both games.

In a double-header between Empress and Mayfield. Prize winners in other sport events were as follows:

Girl's race, 10 years and under, D. Dwinell, M. Mepharm.

Boy's race 10 years and under, T. Burke. B. Hanes.

Girl's race 12 years and under, C. Harnett, M. Mepharm.

Boy's race 12 years and under, Russell Crozier, K. Hanes.

Girl's race 14 years and under, K. Orell, S. Harn.

Boy's race 14 years and under, Rob. Crozier, L. Hutchison.

Girl's race 18 years and under, H. Hamilton, W. Betty.

Necktie race, Mrs. Mannel and W. Leach; Miss W. Rowles and R. McBain.

Men's walking race, H. House, F. Meek, B. Harn.

Ladies' walking race, W. Rowles, Mrs. B. Harn.

Javelin throw, T. Wallace, N. Hamilton.

Boy's race 18 years and under, W. Sanderson, R. Crozier.

Men's 100 yard dash, E. Kovitch.

Discus throw, E. Kovitch.

Relay race, Mayfield team.

Slow horse race, K. Hanes, D. Mepharm.

Double-deck horse race, D. Mepharm, C. Becker.

Slow Ford car race, Mannel Leach.

Dr. McNeil assisted by Mrs. MacPherson and Mrs. LeFevre took charge of the Baby Clinic awarding the three prizes as follows: Baby Kippert, Baby Leach and Baby Douglas. Next year they suggest that more prizes be given as there are no poor babies in the Mayfield district, all should have a prize.

The big dance at night was a success; the music being supplied by the Empress Orchestra.

Several visitors were in town over Wednesday night to attend the sale of horses gathered in Govt. round-up.

"If he says, 'I got here as soon as I could' instead of 'Gee, it seems I'd never get here'—watch him girls, he's slipping."

I am now making

DELIVERIES

of the

New Ford Car

Orders being filled in order as received. Will try and fill all orders on hand within a short time.

Factory deliveries are now well over the 300 mark daily, and I will get my share.

Yours for Real Ford Service.

N. D. Storey

The Ford Man

Field Day At Illustration Farm

A Field Day will again be held in connection with the Dominion Government Illustration Station on the farm of J. Barnes, on the district highway between Empress and Hindolus, on July 24th at 3 p.m. Those in attendance will be Prof. James Murray, district agriculturist, Medicine Hat; W. D. Hay, Asst. Supt. Experiment Station, Lethbridge; Dr. F. W. Garslaw, M.P., Medicine Hat; W. C. Smith, M.P., for Empress, R. E. Everett, Supervisor of Experimental Station, Lethbridge.

John Moyman, Chief Supervisor of Illustration Stations, Ottawa, is expected to be present. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Regulations For Tourist Camps

Regulations governing the operation of tourist and recreational camps in Alberta have recently been passed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council and are now being prepared for distribution to the owners or operators of such camps and to the secretaries of all health organizations in the Province by the Provincial Board of Health.

Posters displaying these regulations are also being sent to the operators of camps.

Laughter is one of the only medicines that hasn't been put out, and you can hardly ever take an overdose.

Mortgage Sale Of Valuable Farm Property

Under and by virtue of the Power of Sale provided by the Land Title Act, under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at the front of the Hotel in the Town of Empress in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 11th day of August, 1928, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely: The south east quarter of Section Twenty-three (23), Range Two (2), West of the Fourth Meridian, containing 160 acres more or less; EXCEPTING and RESERVING such exceptions and reservations as are expressed in the existing Certificate of Title or may be implied in connection therewith.

Terms of the sale is to 20 per cent cash at the time of the sale, and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to the terms and conditions of the current lease.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about 10 1/2 miles from Empress, and that there are one hundred and forty acres cultivated; house 20 ft. x 40 ft. and barn; half mile two wire fence.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to: Macleod, Robertson, Winter & Edman, Calgary, Alberta. Dated at Calgary, this 16th day of June, A.D. 1928.

MACLEOD, ROBERTSON, WINTER & EDMAN, Vendor's Solicitors.

"W. FORMS" Registrar.

See Sandy for The BEST in MEN'S TOGGERY

Overalls, Work Shirts, Pants, Gloves, Boots and Shoes, Dress Shirts, Collars & Ties.

"SANDY"

The Jeweler and Clothier

R. M. of Mantario

Meeting of Saturday, July 7th, 1928. At Orange Hall, Cuthbert, at 10 a.m. Present, Reeve Walker and a full council.

The Finance committee examined the accounts on file before the meeting.

On Ephraim Smith took the oath of office for Division V. The Council sat as a Court of Revision; nineteen appeals were heard, and in only one case was the appellant present or represented.

The following decisions were given:

C. Westenberg, S.W. 16, 26, 29, w. 3, reduced to \$2980.

H. Austrom, S.W. 34, 20, 27, w. 3, disallowed.

R. L. Hunter, E. 21, 25, 27; W. 27, 25, 27, w. 3 and S. E. 25, 25, 27, w. 3; all disallowed.

W. Vickers, all 15, 25, 27 w. 3, S. E. to \$3550 and S. W. to \$2300.

G. T. Sanderson, S. 27, 23, 20, w. 3; disallowed.

Sask. Farm Loan Board, N. 27, 24, 20, w. 3; disallowed.

J. N. Anderson, S. E. 22, 24, 29, w. 3; reduced to \$2350.

J. N. Anderson, N. E. 10, 24, 20, w. 3; reduced to \$2400.

Sask. Farm Loan Board, S. E. 21, 25, 27, w. 3, reduced to \$2700.

Hudson's Bay Co., All 8, 27, 28, w. 3, each quarter reduced to \$1298.

N. W. 25, 23, 28, w. 3; N. W. and S. E. 26, 23, 28, w. 3; N. and S. E. 8, 27, 27, w. 3; S. E. 25, 24, 27, w. 3; N. and S. E. 24, 27, w. 3; all disallowed.

E. E. Arnold, N. W. 23, 24, 27, w. 3, reduced to \$1600.

Manufacturer's Lita, N. W. 12, 27, 29, w. 3, reduced to \$1890.

appeal against Wild Lands Tax disallowed.

S. Sufferin Estate, E. 21, 25, 29, w. 3, disallowed.

J. M. Stead, S. E. 23, 20, 28, w. 3, reduced to \$2540.

G. D. Gunn, S. W. 14, 27, 28, w. 3, not assessable, Crown.

R. Young, N. W. 19, 23, 28, w. 3, reduced to \$3500.

Z. Leach, S. E. 21, 24, 29, w. 3, reduced to \$6000.

Ben Thompson, N. 22, 27, 27, w. 3 and S. W. 22, 27, 27, w. 3; disallowed.

Moved Smith and carried unanimously that a general meeting be held for business on file immediately after the Court of Revision. — Carried unanimously.

(cont. next week)

NEWS ITEM

A large number of the crowd were perfectly camouflaged against the wall which was also plastered.

SASKATCHEWAN CO-OPERATIVE CREAMERIES LTD.
EMPRESS ALTA.

Always ask for
"VELVET" ICE CREAM

The prize-winning brand made by your own Creamery organization

NOTICE!

To Wheat Pool Members

The Second Series Contract contains a clause which provides that on and after August 1, 1928, any member desirous of renewing his membership under the Second Series Contract will be required to pay the sum of \$2.00.

Sign That Contract Now

Save The Two Dollars

EMPRESS THEATRE

This Week, William Fox presents

"IS ZAT SO"

?

with

George O'Brien and

Edmond Lowe

Punch--Pep and Pulchritude--With Laughter, Pathos and Thrills--In a picture Pulsing with Life and Brimming over with Excitement

An Alfred Green Production

Red Rose Tea

"is good tea"

Red Rose Orange Pekoe is supreme

In clean, bright Aluminum.

Signs Of A Better Era

The period of prosperity now so generally prevalent throughout Canada and the United States, and the marked rise in industrial activity in all lines all over this continent, and which is being felt to a steadily increasing extent in Great Britain and other European countries, seems to present to some ill-informed minds and agitators an opportunity to once again revive the old "strike" weapon. When times are hard, business depressed, with large numbers of men unemployed and anxiously seeking work, the agitator men rejoicing in employment to "strike" has a hard row to hoe, but when business is brisk, the vast majority of men employed, and an increasing demand for labor, the agitator sees his opportunity to make trouble.

Fortunately, both employers and employees have learned from past bitter experiences that industrial warfare does not pay, any more than does war between nations; that the victor suffers almost as great damage as does the vanquished; and the general public which after all is the greatest sufferer in now more and more inclined to sternly oppose the calling of a "strike."

Relations between the bosses on the one side and the men on the other have been bettered and become more cordial in recent years through a realization of a truth, which ought to have been recognized long ago, that, in the final analysis, their interests are common. Employers today do not regard their men as mere machines, but as real and active partners in the success of the business in which they are jointly engaged, and the average workman today recognizes that his employer has huge problems and difficulties to face in successfully administering and maintaining his business in a highly organized and fiercely competitive world.

Recently an attempt was made to induce all the employees of the Toronto Street Railway system to go out on strike to enforce a series of demands made by them. To tie up the street railway system in a city like Toronto would be a public calamity, resulting in great inconvenience to everybody and an enormous loss to the entire community. The Toronto Street Railway is municipally owned—that is, it belongs to all the people. The management pointed out that to meet the men's demands would necessitate an increase in fares. This brought the issue right home to every resident, and particularly to all classes of workers in the city who are among the principal users of the cars. Had the system been privately owned, people would probably have said that any increased expense to meet the men's demands could be met out of profits, and that any increase in fares was unnecessary, but in a municipally-owned system, operated to provide service rather than to accumulate profits, the statement of the management was accepted not as a bluff, and that either increased fares, or operating deficits to be made up out of increased taxes, must result.

So, when the matter of calling a "strike" finally came to a vote of the street railway employees, the men themselves rejected it by a ten to one vote in favor of arbitration, a very healthy indication of sane thinking on the part of the men and of the present trend of public sentiment.

Another Toronto labor incident may be cited as indicating the newer and more reasonable point of view now actuating labor men. Structural steel workers on three of the largest buildings in the city went on strike to compel their employers to establish a closed shop and employ only union men, which would be a reversal of the Company's policy during the last forty years of making no distinction between union and non-union men but treating them all frankly and alike. The steel workers have sought to induce other branches of the building trades to go on strike in sympathy with them, but without success, and even the International Union, it is understood, refuses to endorse the attitude of the strikers.

The fact is becoming increasingly evident that in this age the hodgepodge methods of war are growing more and more in disfavor, no matter in what direction or cause they may be employed. There are now more insistent all the time that causes of dispute, whether between nations, or in the industrial arena, or between individuals, be settled through the orderly processes of law and arbitration rather than through the use of force, threats and engaging in combat in which countless thousands of absolutely innocent persons are made to suffer.

Alberta's Coal Resources

Official Figures Place Total At Over a Billion Tons

An estimate of Alberta's coal resources, made recently by the International Geological Congress, places the total at 1,653,629 million tons, according to figures received by the provincial government. This represents 72 per cent. of the world's coal supply, 72 per cent. of the British Empire's resources, and 87 per cent. of Canada's resources.

The mines presently operating in Alberta are capable of producing 15,000,000 tons annually, and it has been estimated that if this production were increased 100 times, that the available supply would not be exhausted for 18 centuries.

A Non-Inflammable Fuel

Invention Of Russian Engineer Has Been Successfully Demonstrated

Fire prevention in the aeroplane is still a problem of the greatest importance. One solution lies in the production of a non-inflammable fuel which can be utilized in the present conventional type of aircraft engine. A Russian engineer, Makolovitch, is reported to have achieved success in this direction. By a secret chemical process he is able to convert heavy mineral and vegetable oils into a light, inflammable fuel which is non-inflammable outside the engine. It can be used in the ordinary carburetor-type internal combustion engine, and will deliver more power for a given weight. These claims are said to have been demonstrated by a variety of official tests.

First Surgeon.—Are you going to operate on this patient? Second Surgeon.—I'm afraid to; there's something the matter with him."

Grapes grown in Holland and Belgium can be sent by water to London at a much lower cost than similar fruit grown in the south of England can travel by rail.

The physical and mechanical properties of Silica spruce and its availability in long straight-grained pieces have made it the most valuable timber for aeroplane construction.

An enemy knocks a man down, then a friend proceeds to kick him.

For Hay Fever—use Minard's.

Obtains Second Place

Blind Student At Brantford Successful In Essay Contest

Obtaining second place among 20,000 contestants all over the Dominion in a recent essay contest, a blind boy student at Ontario School for the Blind, Brantford, will receive congratulations of the acting minister of education, Hon. W. H. Price, conveyed by Dr. A. H. U. Colquhoun, deputy minister, to Supt. Race. Ernest Philpott, writing upon the subject, "Laura Secord, the Woman Who Made Confederation Possible," attained the highest place but one in this large field, and in addition, three other pupils of the school received special prizes.

RHEUMATIC PAINS DUE TO THIN BLOOD

Relief Comes Through the Use Of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

The most a rheumatic sufferer can hope for in rubbing something on the swollen joints, is to get a little relief, and all the while the trouble is accumulating. The blood is the trouble in the blood. This is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved so beneficial when taken for this trouble. The blood is the trouble in the blood, which expels the poisonous acid and the rheumatic poisons.

There are thousands of former rheumatic sufferers in Canada, now well and strong, who thank Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that they are now free from the ache and the suffering of this dreaded trouble. One of these Mrs. J. Y. Tait, McMillan, Ont. who says: "I am one of the willing ones to tell you of the great benefit I received from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After living in bed for seven weeks suffering with agony with inflammatory rheumatism, relief came through the use of this medicine. I could not move in bed only as they lifted me, and I could only sleep when opiates were given me. The medical treatment failed, and I was told to give up. Then I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I began to get relief. After taking six or eight boxes the rheumatism was banished and I had never felt so well in my life. It is several years since this happened and I have had no return of the trouble since. I may add that I recommended the pills to two of my friends who were suffering with rheumatism and the pills were equally effective in both cases. Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for rheumatism, rheumatoid, indigestion or nervousness. Take them as a tonic if you are not in the best of condition and cultivate a resistance that will keep you well and strong. You can get the pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

In England and Scandinavian countries traffic keeps to the left; in most other European countries, to the right, according to the National Automobile Club.

A primitive people have been discovered a few hundred miles south of the Mediterranean, living in holes in the ground.

tion were increased 100 times, that the available supply would not be exhausted for 18 centuries.

A Russian engineer, Makolovitch, is reported to have achieved success in this direction. By a secret chemical process he is able to convert heavy mineral and vegetable oils into a light, inflammable fuel which is non-inflammable outside the engine. It can be used in the ordinary carburetor-type internal combustion engine, and will deliver more power for a given weight. These claims are said to have been demonstrated by a variety of official tests.

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The physical and mechanical properties of Silica spruce and its availability in long straight-grained pieces have made it the most valuable timber for aeroplane construction.

An enemy knocks a man down, then a friend proceeds to kick him.

For Hay Fever—use Minard's.

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RED CROSS AS FAIRY GODMOTHER

A Radio Tale Of The Far North Of Alberta

In the far north of Alberta stands a little house in the woods, looking like Wendy's House in the Never-Never Land for Lost Boys. Here dwelt a Scottish settler, his wife and family, and with them the grandparents and their family. Times had failed, and with the pioneers from the Land of the Heather, Corps had failed, and the camp of Canada seemed intense, even to their brave Scottish blood.

Food was none too plentiful, clothing was scanty and bedding bare. The young wife, already a mother of several bonny looking babies, was expecting to present to the land of her adoption that greatest gift of all and beautiful—children.

Prospects looked bad to this Scottish family, friends were far away over the sea and the hills of their native land. To whom could they turn in their time of trouble?

Neighbors were few and far between, even present friends. It gave the latest news of the day to the people of the far northland. Music was scarce and song and speech were few and far between. One day there came a new feature, a voice telling of the great Red Cross and what it was doing to build a better and kinder Canada.

Suddenly the blue-eyed German said: "Mitigating suffering," said to the voice, "never found me in the phrases came clearly over, 'Helping the Sufferer, better the new corner, sending relief, caring for Mothers and Babies.' Then the smile grew wider, for here at their own doors was just such a case as the Red Cross was at their full efficiency."

The Golden Rule was put in action at once and through the neighborliness of a German friend a new Scottish-Canadian was born under the Red Cross flag.

Golf Week At Jasper Park

Events At Jasper Park Golf Course, Jasper, Alta., September 8th to 15th (Morning)

Saturday, Sept. 8th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes. Sunday, Sept. 9th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes. Monday, Sept. 10th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes. Tuesday, Sept. 11th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes. Wednesday, Sept. 12th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes. Thursday, Sept. 13th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes. Friday, Sept. 14th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes. Saturday, Sept. 15th (Morning)—18 to 19th holes.

Friday, Sept. 14th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Saturday, Sept. 15th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Sunday, Sept. 16th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Monday, Sept. 17th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Tuesday, Sept. 18th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Wednesday, Sept. 19th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Thursday, Sept. 20th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Friday, Sept. 21st (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Saturday, Sept. 22nd (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Sunday, Sept. 23rd (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Monday, Sept. 24th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Tuesday, Sept. 25th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Wednesday, Sept. 26th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Thursday, Sept. 27th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Friday, Sept. 28th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Saturday, Sept. 29th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Sunday, Sept. 30th (Morning)—Jasper Totem Pole Trophy. Final: all rights; all rights. Men and ladies. (Afternoon)—Ladies' qualifying round. Match against C.D.G.U. per % of combined handicaps.

Care For Your Hair With Cuticura Soap

And Cuticura Ointment. Before shampooing apply the scalp with Cuticura Ointment, letting it remain on over night when possible. Then shampoo with aids of Cuticura Soap and warm water. Rinse thoroughly. A clean, healthy scalp means good hair.

Small, Soft, Pink, Soap, 25c. Address: Cuticura, Boston, Mass. U.S.A.



Seventh British Dominion

Palestine In Line For This Position Says Jewish Leader

That Palestine would eventually become a seventh British Dominion was the prediction made by Dr. Schnary Levin, Jewish leader, who opened the United Palestine Appeal for Western Canada recently.

"Great Britain is in Palestine to stay," declared Dr. Levin. "Her mandate will only be withdrawn when the Jewish nation shall have established itself as one of the crownwealths of British nations. Great Britain needs Palestine as the key-stone country in the Near East as a guardian state of the Suez Canal. In fact, she needs the Jews fully as much as they need her," he asserted.

Dr. Levin reported that the crisis which Palestine had recently undergone almost over the Jewish settlers were making a striking success in agriculture. Oranges produced on Jewish farms were obtaining 20 per cent. higher prices than those from other countries.

Wretched From Asthma. Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. You can find relief under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dispenses the cloud by removing the cause. It does restore the normal bodily trim and mental happiness.

A Land Of Farm Owners

"Western Canada is a land of farm owners, according to census revelations. In Manitoba more than 51 per cent. of occupied farms are inhabited by their owners, in Saskatchewan over 77 per cent. and in Alberta over 75 per cent."

Soft corners are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Remover will draw them out painlessly.

A street car goes much faster when you are running to catch it than after you have caught it.

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Honored Earl Of Asquith

Southern Mountains Peak and Western Town Named After Him

The name of the late Earl of Oxford and Asquith is likely to live not only in history, but in geography, for two places on the map were named in his honor during his long term of office as Prime Minister.

The first such honor was paid Mr. Asquith by Sir Ernest Shackleton, who named a newly-discovered peak in the vicinity of the South Pole, Mount Asquith. The second was the bestowal of his name on Asquith Town, in Saskatchewan.

Announces New Discovery

Artificial Tooth Can Be Made With-Out Plate, Says Toronto Dentist

Dr. F. W. Barbour, Toronto dentist, announced a remarkable discovery in which false teeth are made to stay in place by means of suction called "marginal retention," for use on either the upper or lower jaw. By this the valuable plate formerly covering the palate of those who had artificial upper teeth and which used to interfere with digestion, and the sense of taste, will be done away with, relieving considerable discomfort to the wearer.

London's smallest elementary school is a tiny classroom near Froud Street, where the children, whose homes are canyons, receive instruction whenever they are in the district.

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Nail GYPROC right over Old Walls

How many rooms in your home have walls that are cracked and faded? Make them "good as new" by nailing Gyproc right over the old, unsightly wallpaper. When you've decorated with Alabaster your home will be as attractive and comfortable as any home can be.

Easy to put. Gyproc for partitioning off extra rooms, renovating attics and basements, and making grain bins, stables and other farm buildings, fire-safe and vermin-proof. You can put it up yourself—easily, quickly and at a substantial saving.

Gyproc Joint Filler applied at all the joints insures a perfectly smooth, flat surface that will take any decoration.

WRITE FOR FREE BOOK Canada Gyproc and Alabaster Limited, Winnipeg, Canada.

Please send handsome free book, "Walls that Reflect Good Judgment," giving interesting information on Gyproc and home decoration.

Name _____ Address _____

"EMPIRE"

GYPROC

Fireproof Wallboard

General Noble Rescued By Airplane After Long Wait On Ice Fields

King's Bay, Spitzbergen.—General Umberto Noble, who led 16 men to the top of the world, has been rescued. Seriously injured at the hour of his release after a month's battle against the treacherous ice forest of the north, the commander of the wrecked dirigible Italia was brought out of the wilderness of ice by the Swedish aeroplane Upland five Saturday. He was taken to the steamship "Quest" in Hiloport Strait and later transferred by aeroplane to the Citta Di Milano, mother ship of the Italia.

Later messages from the Citta Di Milano stated that a second member of the Italia's crew, Chief Engineer Natale Ceccone, had been rescued when the Upland made another trip to the camp on the rapidly breaking ice cakes. Ceccone was injured when the dirigible crashed.

For a month the men of Nobles party kept in irregular touch with the world, urging that plans for rescue be rushed.

Two weeks ago two rescue planes flew over their tiny camp and failed to sight them. Two days later another plane—directed by Nobles' friend, the Swedish explorer Sven Hedin—found the marooned men and dropped supplies. The flyers said they could find no place for a landing.

On a few days the situation was relieved and then the ice cakes, which threatened disaster since the Italia was wrecked rapidly breaking up. Hourly the peril of the isolated men increased until Saturday the ice was moving freely in a choppy sea. Then Saturday night the stranded men saw a plane dropping down to their camp, where a tiny tent party had been guided the rescue. It was a dangerous landing but a Swedish pilot who was willing to risk everything, dared the brisk wind which whirled huge ice cakes about near the little camp.

From the camp five men fought their way to the ship. Five men joyfully hailed the first of the many willing flyers who had sought them out.

The ice danger, ignored in the confusion and excitement of the rescue, was suddenly upon them and Noble was caught in the toiling men. When the others reached the side of the commander they found him suffering from a broken leg and other injuries which made it advisable that he be taken back at once. Gladly the others saw the motors of the big plane turn slowly, then beat in regular rhythm. The craft skillfully navigated another run and soared into the air, shot swiftly away to the south.

New Settlers Coming

London.—The families of 30 soldiers will be settled in Canada next winter under the new scheme of land settlement for military and naval families. It has been announced. The age of the head of the family must not exceed 40 years except in particular circumstances where the family is regarded as very desirable, in which case the age limit will be raised to 45 years.

Viscount Caw's Estate

London.—The estate of the late Viscount Caw, who died recently within 24 hours of his resignation as lord chancellor, was revealed as amounting to \$55,000.

Britain Easily Maintains Her Prestige Among Nations Of The World

Minneapolis.—England not only has maintained her prestige among nations, but will yet become mightier. Sir Donald MacLean, member of the coalition cabinet and former Liberal whip in the House of Commons, told delegates from the British Empire to the International Rotary Convention here.

Speaking before the British Empire, Sir Donald told his hearers that England in conjunction with the United States and Canada could make the future destiny of the world one worthy of Christian civilization.

He maintained England made a remarkable recovery from her ill and he defended the "dole" system. "It is an entire mistake to suppose that the best days of the old

Scottish Youths For Canada

Inspector Comes To Dominion To Study Conditions Here

Toronto.—James M. Allan is relief inspector of the Glasgow, Scotland, parish council. Interest in migration problems affecting the old country has brought him to Canada for the purpose of studying conditions as they have to do with settlements who come out under the land settlement act.

"There are 8,000 people in our parish receiving relief," he said. "We quite appreciate that migration to Canada is not a solution to our problem, but we do feel that many Scottish lads, after they are handicapped, tested and trained in farm work, may make good settlers for Canada."

"We are most particular as to what type of boy we train and never accept those who have been in a reformatory or are of doubtful character." He brought out with him 30 youths who are already placed on farms in the Dominion.

Planning Westward Flight

Trip Not Yet Properly Accomplished Says Harry Lyon

Sydney, N.S.W.—Harry W. Lyon, the American navigator of the trans-Pacific plane "Southern Cross," announced that when he and his fellow countryman, James W. Warner, the plane's radio operator, returned to the United States, they would prepare for a flight from Ireland to America. He added that they would invite Captains Charles Kingsford-Smith and Charles Ulm, the Australian pilots, to participate in it. Lyon contended that the westward crossing of the Atlantic had not been properly accomplished.

Caught In Snowstorm

Colorado Tourists Marooned At Summit Of Pike's Peak

Colorado Springs, Colo.—Twenty-five tourists have been rescued from the summit of Pike's Peak after being marooned there for 24 hours by the worst spring snowstorm to visit this region in several years.

Several climbers were in the group, which had been led by a guide. Heaps of snow which covered the top of the snow of the 14,000-foot mountain. Word of their plight was taken in regular rhythm. The craft skillfully navigated another run and soared into the air, shot swiftly away to the south.

Storm Takes Heavy Toll

Tornadoes Cause Death and Destruction in Southwestern States. Kansas City, Mo.—Three more deaths and millions of dollars of property damage were added to the toll taken by storms in the Southwest.

Tornadoes again visited communities in Oklahoma, and high winds, brought here where telegraph communications were restored and a snow plow fought through the drifts and reached the stranded tourists.

The three deaths reported recently, brought the total dead to 12 and more than a score of names were added to the long list of injured.

The Red Cross reported 2,200 persons homeless, many of them destitute.

Privy Council Ruling Important To Dominions

Judgment Rendered In Regard To Writ Of Habeas Corpus

London.—A judgment of grave constitutional importance to His Majesty's subjects in Britain and the overseas Dominions has been rendered by the judicial committee of the Privy Council on an appeal from Nigeria.

In effect, their Lordships decided that although by the Judiciary Act, various courts have been combined into one high court, each judge of that court still has jurisdiction to entertain an application for writ of habeas corpus either in term time or vacation, and he is bound to hear and determine such application on its merits, notwithstanding any previous judicial findings.

This principle must apply to the Supreme Court of Nigeria, they said in allowing the appeal of Eshugbayi Ekoko, native chief, from a decision of the Nigerian Supreme Court which had found that Mr. Justice Tew, of Nigeria, had jurisdiction to entertain Eshugbayi's motion for a writ of habeas corpus.

Embargo Will Be Lifted

Dairy Products From Montreal May Soon Enter U.S. Again

Montreal.—Long awaited removal of the United States embargo on Montreal milk products will be realized within the next few weeks, it is announced.

This embargo, prohibiting the importation into the United States of milk, cream, butter and cheese originating in Montreal, was ordered fifteen months ago when the typhoid fever outbreak occurred.

The United States officials have announced that they will lift the embargo upon receipt of advice that certain requirements have been complied with. This assurance will soon be forthcoming, it is said.

Had Narrow Escape

Window Cleaner Clings To Sill On Third Story Utility Rescue

Winnipeg.—Clinging desperately with his fingers to a window sill on the third story of the Grain Exchange building here, Steve Hakola miraculously saved himself from death. He was cleaning window and was adjusting his safety belt when the heavy steel sash fell, knocking him off the space. As he plunged downward he caught the sill just before the sash crashed down on his fingers, crushing them badly. He held on with all his strength until his plight was discovered and he was rescued.

Tribute For Pilot

Credit For Latest Atlantic Flight Given To Stultz

London.—Talking to London's assembled newspaper men recently, Miss Earhart declared firmly and emphatically that Stultz was the pilot in England she did not want to be the subject of "hero worship."

"I have done nothing to merit it," she said. "It is because I am a woman that I have been forced into the spotlight. The credit for the success of the flight is due to Stultz. He controlled the plane practically throughout and was just splendid."

To Study Conditions

Ottawa.—J. Forsyth Smith, fruit trade commissioner to Great Britain, is en route to British Columbia to visit fruit growers and shippers with reference to fruit trade conditions in Great Britain.

B.C. PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS



Hon. John D. MacLean, of British Columbia, who will lead the Liberal party in a test of strength in July, when a general election will be held. Premier MacLean who is a native of Prince Edward Island, succeeded to the chiefdom of the provincial Liberal party on the death of the Hon. John Oliver last year.

Says Navy Best Defence

Preserves Unity Of Empire Declares President Of League

Saint John, N.B.—Treaties and peace could never take the place of the "sure shield"—the navy—declared President Sam Harris, Toronto, before the annual meeting of the Navy League here. The unity of the Empire, he said, depended on the naval defence. He asserted Canada should pay a fair share towards protection of its overseas trade.

The session was taken up with a presentation of the financial statement of the organization, which showed the League with highly satisfactory resources. Endowment fund securities amounted to \$165,000, plus in the general fund, December 31, 1927, was \$10,721.53, it was reported.

Given Command In India

General Chetwode Appointed Chief Of General Staff

London.—General Sir Philip Chetwode, member of the army council, has been appointed chief of the general staff in India. He succeeds Lieut.-Gen. Sir A. Skeen, who had served under the commander-in-chief, Field Marshal Sir W. R. Birdwood, since 1924.

Gen. Chetwode was the author of the military plan by which Field Marshal Sir Edmund Allenby paraded his offensive in Palestine during the war. Up to last year Gen. Chetwode was commander-in-chief of the Aldershot command. He is 59 years old and served throughout the war.

"Hins" With Cruisers

Warsaw.—The Government has ordered three light cruisers to anchor in the mouth of the Vistula as a gesture to Danzig that Poland will brook no interference with her development of merchant marine. This action followed recent difficulties with Danzig Port and Customs authorities, who refused to allow several Polish freighters docking or anchorage facilities at Danzig piers. Danzigers protest that the ships are a menace, and constitute a danger to the safety of the city.

Memorial To Coal Miner

Lethbridge, Alta.—Plans are progressing rapidly for the unveiling here, July 18, of the memorial column in honor of Nick Sheran, Alberta's first coal producer, who in 1872 opened out the first mine on the banks of Belly River.

Many British Settlers May Come To Canada Under Assisted Plan

Will Aid Canadian Ports

Grain Commissioners Promise Support To Vancouver and Other Ports

Vancouver.—The Board of Grain Commissioners of Canada will exert every effort to aid the port of Vancouver, and keep Canadian grain moving over Canadian railways and through Canadian ports. Vancouver has in its few years of grain experience developed the grain handling facilities to a science and has proven capable of handling any quantity turned Westward.

These sentiments, together with a note of warning that United States ports and transportation interests looked with eager eyes on the grain crop of Canada, were expressed by Leslie H. Boyd, chairman of the Dominion Board of Grain Commissioners, here. The occasion was the banquet celebration of the 80,000 bushels of grain given by the Vancouver merchants' exchange.

More than a hundred grain and shipping men attended, the guests including besides Mr. Boyd, James Robinson, and Matthew Snow, and Secretary Rathbone of the Board of Grain Commissioners.

Col. R. D. Williams, president of the Vancouver Merchants' Exchange, was chairman and in a speech to the 80,000 bushels passed gave a resume of the history of the local trade.

"I am not sure to predict but I feel quite sure that Vancouver will pass the 100,000,000 bushels mark during the 1928-29 season," declared F. H. McD. Russell, chairman of the Vancouver harbor board.

Must Make Restoration

Chicago Mayor and Three Others Owe \$1,732,279 To City Treasury

Chicago, Ill.—Mayor William Hale Thompson, Michael J. Flaherty, George F. Harding and Percival B. Coffin, public administrator and three real estate experts, were found in circuit court to have conspired together in bribing the real estate men to do special work under the late Thompson administration at a cost to the city of \$1,732,279. Judge Fugate ordered the defendants to make restitution of that sum to the city treasury.

The court, terminating the two year old suit, found the conspiracy had a two-fold purpose, "namely the political activities of the Thompson administration, and for the private benefit of the members of the conspiracy."

Children Burned To Death

Brother Mistook Gasoline For Coal Oil When Starting Fire

Suburb.—When their 10-year-old brother mistook gasoline for coal oil in endeavoring to start a fire, two little boys, aged six and four, and Alex McKel, Canadian railway fire pump pump repairman at Horns Payne, 316 railways, were burned to death.

The mother, two older boys and a niece were able to escape, but the younger children were cut off by the flames and took refuge under a bed, where their charred bodies were found when the fire was extinguished.

Negotiations Will Have Over The Return Of Natural Resources

Ottawa.—There is every prospect that the present year will see important developments in the financial relations between the Dominion and all the provinces as affecting the subsidies which are annually granted. The matter, it is known, has been under consideration already and will be further considered when, during the summer months, negotiations open with the western provinces respecting the return of their natural resources.

Similarly, the subject was a most important feature of the agenda of the inter-debated conference last fall.

It is understood that the Dominion government is anxious to have a

Ottawa.—When the agriculture and colonization committee held its inquiry into the immigration system, one of the witnesses, Albert Chamberlain, head of the British Welcomes League, Toronto, expressed the view that fifty thousand people could be brought to Canada if ways and means were provided whereby the heads of families, already here could be assisted in bringing out those of their families who remain at home. The committee in its report to parliament sanctioned the necessary methods to bring about these reductions and in sequence to this, a preliminary conference was held here between the head officials of the immigration department and representatives of the Canadian Pacific, West Coast and Canadian National. The matter was discussed generally and progress was made, but the steamship representatives, before giving any final answer will have to communicate with their head offices, after which further conferences will take place.

The idea, broadly, is that the rate which now applies to the three thousand family scheme under the Empire Settlement plan should be extended to cover this particular class. By this plan, the individual contributed to the Canadian Government three pounds ten shillings, and the British Government seven pounds. The department here is disposed to extend the system on the line indicated and it is believed that the British government will do the same, the steamship companies also giving a substantial rebate of fares.

Another proposal of the immigration committee which is being implemented is the extension of the \$55 rate for boys coming out. Heretofore the age limit was from 14 to 16 years. It is now intended to raise this limit to 18 years.

Hon. Robert Forke, who leaves shortly for the West, will take up with all the Canadian governments the matter of co-operating in the placement of immigrants after they have been brought to Canada under the departmental auspices.

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May Be Lost In North

Fear Entertained For Missing Trapper In Northern Alberta

Edmonton, Alta.—The hazards faced by the men who go into the northland in quest of furs is once again exemplified by reports from northern detachments of the Alberta Provincial Police reaching Edmonton headquarters.

A telegram received from Constable Haynes of Fort Fitzgerald, says that fears have been expressed for the safety of Walter Foster, a trapper from the northernmost post in Alberta. The trapper is now long overdue, and a party headed by the constable is on the trail in search of the missing man.

In his lonely shack on the Athabasca river, 70 miles down river from the town of Athabasca, John Wickstrom, 70, old-time trapper, was found dead in his bed. It is thought that he peacefully passed away in his sleep.

Trade Treaty Signed

Vienna, Austria.—A treaty of amity and trade between the United States and Austria has been signed by Chancellor Seipel and United States Ambassador Albert Henry Wushburn.

Negotiations Will Have Over The Return Of Natural Resources

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Tourist Traffic Helps People Of United States To Become Better Acquainted With Canada

Figures recently issued by the more indicate that American tourists United States Department of Commerce to Canada last year spent four dollars for every dollar spent by Canadian visitors to the United States. The respective amounts were \$295,000,000 and \$51,000,000. From a per capita standpoint the comparison appears altogether different with Canadian spending \$5.36 in the United States for every head of the Dominion's population against \$1.73 spent in Canada for each person in the United States.

However that is aside from the point that Canada officially welcomes the tourists and treats each and every one shall have a most pleasant and enjoyable holiday within the Dominion's borders. It is the Dominion's policy to make it so that they shall go home with pleasant recollections. In this latter connection the National Resources Service at the end of the tourist season 1929, year reported that its correspondence showed that the visitors were for the most part satisfied and pleased with Canadian hospitality. Allowances were willingly made for roads under repair and Canadian country was fully recognized; what complaints there were related to lack of suitable accommodation except in the larger centres, and to overcharging. The Service issued a warning, "Don't Overcharge the Tourist," in which it was stated that there were some very definite accusations of unfair treatment. This warning received very wide publicity, and it is not expected that it will be complained this year. Nevertheless before the season is far advanced it is believed to be in the public interest to repeat the warning and to advise the tourist of trade, municipal officials, automobile associations and the merchants will be on the look out for offenders.

A pleasing feature of this year's correspondence is, that a great many more people in the United States are better acquainted with Canada's geography. In place of writing "Please tell us about Canada" they now want to know about the roads connecting certain cities, the accommodation and the sporting and recreational attractions. Many are interested in points of historical interest.

A great many persons who visited Canada last year will come again this season and this is a highly significant of the interest in our country when they plan to afford the time for another visit in the immediately succeeding season. The following is from a letter written by a woman in Maryland, who motored in Canada last year, and asks for help in planning a trip this year.

"I had heard so much about Canada before last year, but I'd always thought of it as some far away place, and having people different from us in the States. I don't know when I've ever felt so close to home as I did while in Canada, and your people are some of the finest on earth I'm sure. So hospitable, and even the police have such a friendly way of willing to assist visitors and even bearing with them in their traffic errors. Maybe you don't receive many letters like this but I'm sure that some folks with whom I've talked about Canada have the same opinion that I have."

Canadians who have helped to entertain and assist our American visitors in their journeying through Canada will appreciate that kindly expression of appreciation and there are very many more who like Canada welcome the tourists and does what to see them come again.

Expend On Tar Sand Deposits
The deposit of bituminous sands commonly known as tar sands, on the Athabasca River and its tributaries in northern Alberta, covers an area of approximately five thousand square miles of varying depth, density, and richness.

How To Order Patterns
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 170 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. Size
Name
Town

For people inspire their eyesight looking on the bright side of things.

Saskatchewan Is the Healthiest Province

Has Lowest Annual Death Rate According To Statistics
Saskatchewan is the healthiest province in the Dominion, if the death rate is any criterion, says a despatch from Ottawa. Returns issued by the bureau of statistics give Saskatchewan an annual death rate per thousand population of 4.9, the rate being based on deaths last December.

Quebec has the highest death rate with 12.8, New Brunswick comes a close second with 12.3. The rate for Western provinces, with comparisons for 1928, is given:

Province	1927	1928
Manitoba	7.0	7.8
Saskatchewan	6.9	8.0
Alberta	9.1	9.3
British Columbia	10.1	12.6
Ontario	10.7	11.3

Infantile mortality continues to take its toll, although the figures are improving. Returns for last December give an infantile mortality rate for the Dominion of 85 per thousand living births against 300 per thousand in the December previous. Quebec, among the provinces, had the highest infantile mortality rate for last December, namely 112.4 per thousand; Ontario the lowest with 65.6. Alberta showed the biggest relative improvement, 1928, the Alberta rate was 113.2; last December it was 68.8.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

For Men
A man's suit is a thing of beauty. It is a thing that should be made to last. It is a thing that should be made to look well. It is a thing that should be made to be comfortable. It is a thing that should be made to be stylish. It is a thing that should be made to be a man's friend.

Reverted To Law
A clergyman who had given up his former position as a magistrate in order to enter the church, was conducting his first marriage service. "Will you have this man to be your wedded husband?" he asked the bride.

The bride answered eagerly: "I will."

"And you," he continued, addressing the bridegroom, "what have you to say in your defense?"

Germanus Have New Idea
By sprinkling perfume on other monks used to operate a chain of hair surgeons are reported to have applied their patients some of the unpleasant effects usually attending the amputation of an aneurysm. Sleep is induced more rapidly, it is said, and the suffocating cough is usually prevented due to the elimination of the nauseating odor of this narcotic.

How To Order Patterns
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 170 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. Size
Name
Town

ELEVATED TO THE PEERAGE

Hare Snail In British Museum Evidently Ate Glue
The entire force of the British Museum knotted off work recently and devoted itself to searching for one of the rarest snails in its collection, which disappeared suddenly and inexplicably after having remained sedately glued to a piece of cardboard for twenty years.

After a frantic search, the gastro-pod was discovered adhering the exhibits in a far distant wing of the museum. The assembled savants put their brains together on the problem, and decided that during his blameless and sedentary existence of two decades, M. Zecargot had lived on the glue which held his apparently inert carcass to the cardboard on which he was mounted. The glue finished, there was nothing to keep him at home, either from an alimentary or adhesive point of view, so he went. The wandering mollusc has been returned to his position, where he is seduced this time by enough glue to keep him in food for at least another century.

Moscow Has Glass Houses

New Type Of Architecture Becoming Popular In Russia
If new school of Russian architects has its way, the Soviet Union in time will be a place where people literally live in glass houses. Already they work and do business in a number of new buildings in which glass is the predominant material, with a bare framework of steel and concrete to hold the transparent walls together. Set among the shabby ornate houses of old Moscow, these structures in the transparent area is larger and more modern than the old. One wonders how these houses, which are all window and no wall, would fare in the event of excitement, such as the cities knew in 1917. A few well-aimed bricks would leave them in ruins.

The new houses are simpler in design, with wide ribbons of glass all round. Straight lines everywhere, and the few curves are full circles, without any of the decorations and ellipses of the older structures. They seem to be the other extreme—perhaps deliberately so—of the cluttered church architecture with their spirals and onion-shaped domes characteristic of old Russia.

Employ Bituminous Sands
By means of actual tests in road construction it has been definitely established that the bituminous sands of northern Alberta can be successfully employed for paving purposes. As the present supply of these sands is practically unlimited, their presence and use appear to have solved the problem of permanent paving and road construction in the western provinces.

Increased Employment
The Dominion Bureau of Statistics tabulated reports from 6,201 firms who reported a decidedly upward movement in employment on May 1st, the payrolls being increased by 36,670 persons to 833,071. The index number for a chain of retail trade points at 105.5 compared with 101.1 on April 1st, and 100.9 on April 1st of last year.

People with fair hair and blue eyes are not so well equipped to face brilliant sunshine or other light as those with dark hair and eyes.

NEW SETTLERS FOR SASKATCHEWAN

The enthusiasm of European settlers who have found comfortable and profitable homes in Canada, has proved one of the best recruiting forces of the Dominion. A recent example is that of Dr. Von Seeburg, noted German, who came to Canada several years ago and took up land near St. Walburg, Sask. His experience was such that on his return from a recent visit to Germany, he brought back with him twenty-seven sturdy German agriculturists of long experience. All of these were placed on land near St. Walburg, by F. J. Freer, Superintendent of Land Settlement for the Canadian Government. The boys and girls, Von Seeburg's (nephew's) and some of his party on their arrival in Winnipeg.

Lived On Strange Food

Hare Snail In British Museum Evidently Ate Glue
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How Ploughing Has Improved
Method Of Two Hundred Years Ago Was Very Crude
The moldboard plough of 200 years ago required three men and four to six oxen to turn a narrow furrow 18 inches wide, so great was the friction of the rough wooden moldboard. This type of plough was the most advanced method of the time, and an improvement over the common crooked stick with an iron point tied on with rawhide.

In today's days, three men ploughed from one to two acres per day with a tremendous amount of physical labor. In today's days, one man can plough a four-acre tract with a modern five-bottom plough. The man who in 1928 operated a three-bottom plough with a tractor and big-team hitch accomplishes 25 or 30 times as much as his ancestor did in Colonial days with his oxen and wooden plough, while the jagged, crooked furrow of pioneer times was crude indeed compared with the smooth turned earth from the shiny surface of a modern moldboard.

Should Be Preserved
Prehistoric Indian Photographs In B.C. Are Valuable Belles
Prehistoric Indian photographs taken in red on Skeelside Bluff, near Seacom, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, have been photographed by Haddon, an archaeologist of the National Museum of Canada at Ottawa. Some appear to represent men, one a canoe, with upright poles probably representing other men, and others are difficult of interpretation.

These strange pictures are easily seen from the west side of Lake Mara and at present are undisturbed. It is urged by Mr. Smith that they should be placed under the B.C. Provincial Act that protects such antiquities from vandalism.

It takes an expert to convince others that he is less ignorant than he really is. Unless a man possesses self-control he is little better than a slave. The snapphone was invented by Adolph Sax, a Belgian.

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National Museum of Canada Planning Extensive Research Throughout West This Season

USE RADIO FOR PROSPECTING

Radiore System Now Used In Canada Is Not New
Radio has gone prospecting and the path has been demonstrated where radio goes the older vanishes. Up in Canada's nickel country, near Sudbury, Ontario, one may hear the cry "Zine!" From out the distance comes the answer "O.K." There is silence for a minute or so. Then come two shrill blasts on a whistle and the answer "O.K." It is not a traffic cop on vacation practicing his calls as he yawns for his busy corner. It is not some strange animal unknown to zoologists. It is not the wind whistling around the base of some steep cliff. It is the scientific prospector plying his vocation.

The equipment consists of a transmittal, high tripped loop with several levels for working on uneven surfaces, and a receiver. It is operated by a crew of four men. The transmitter is set up on the property and the receiver is taken from place to place. It is pointed at loop and the signals received are checked by the operator. The "O.K." is to tell the operator at the receiver where to focus on the loop. The "Zine!" and two whistles are a check report. When these are received the transmitter is turned on. It works on a wave of about 3,000 meters. The signal is picked up through electrical conductors underground. These are all subterranean deposits, which radiate the signal to the receiver.

The angle of the signal is obtained and the receiver is moved to another angle. These angles constantly grow smaller and smaller to zero. When this point is reached, the receiver operator checks his location by pointing on a line from the opposite direction. If zero is again proved, the location is over a sulphide-bearing deposit. The depth of this is ascertained by signal intensity. Should a number of zero spots be located at different places on the same property and no angles are shown on the transit, it is due to the fact that there is no electrical conductor underground to radiate the signal. This method of prospecting is called the radiore system. It has been used with success in Arizona, and throughout the Southwest for several years. Canada adopted it last summer and it has been employed extensively and successfully in the Rouyn district of Quebec. The apparatus does not give the nature of the ore body located and whether or not it is of commercial value must be proved by drilling.

Should Be Preserved
Prehistoric Indian Photographs In B.C. Are Valuable Belles
Prehistoric Indian photographs taken in red on Skeelside Bluff, near Seacom, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, have been photographed by Haddon, an archaeologist of the National Museum of Canada at Ottawa. Some appear to represent men, one a canoe, with upright poles probably representing other men, and others are difficult of interpretation.

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The National Museum of Canada will, according to an announcement made by Dr. W. H. Collins, Acting Director, have several parties engaged in field work in Western Canada during the season of 1928. Collections will be made for exhibition and study, and scientific investigations will be carried on that cannot be conducted except in the field. H. Smith, who has been investigating the ancient village site, shell heaps and rock carvings of the Indians on the coast of British Columbia, will continue this work around Prince Rupert during the summer. During part of the season he will take motion pictures illustrating the manners and customs of some Indian tribes not represented in the four reels which he has already prepared for the National Museum, and which have proved popular both in Canada and Europe.

J. C. Bouleau, Assoc. Professor of Anatomy in the University of Manitoba, is undertaking for the National Museum a thorough examination of the Indians at Point du Lac, at the east end of Lake Athabasca, slides making a complete series of physical measurements of both adults and children, he will carry out some blood tests, with the co-operation of the Department of Health, to investigate the theory that the Indians are a distinct race. The study of the human race before the human blood underwent the two mutations that seem to have occurred in the case of the Vikings.

C. B. Osmond will spend a year on the lower Mackenzie river, in the vicinity of Fort Norman, studying the Indians, undertaking for the National Museum a thorough examination of the Indians at Point du Lac, at the east end of Lake Athabasca, slides making a complete series of physical measurements of both adults and children, he will carry out some blood tests, with the co-operation of the Department of Health, to investigate the theory that the Indians are a distinct race. The study of the human race before the human blood underwent the two mutations that seem to have occurred in the case of the Vikings.

H. Hamilton M. Laing will continue his investigations in southern British Columbia in the region near the International boundary line, beginning at Princeton, just east of the Cascade mountains divide. He will go by automobile to the Yukon River, Department of the Interior, he will investigate the forage plants and range conditions in certain areas in the park.

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Develop National Conscience

No Better Way Of Strengthening the Bonds Of Empire

Nearly a year ago Canadian independence in the unusual presence of celebrating the natal day of the Dominion. Before that there had been virtually no celebration, although, by a holiday, was utilized for purposes of recreation. It might have been supposed that there was a lack of national sentiment, but this was disproved by the tremendous popular response to the appeal for a fitting celebration of the centennial anniversary. Young and old delved into the history of their country and found that it was rich in romance and instruction. A great volume of literature illustrated this truth and also revealed the wealth of our natural resources and the opportunities which lie before the rising generation.

What seemed to be indifferent or excessive modesty in the past may be better described as nonchalance, a habit of doing great things and making very little fuss over them as if they were all in the day's work. The pioneers who showed such marvelous industry, courage and patience in carving homes and farms out of the forests of old Canada probably seldom thought of themselves as nation-builders. Having achieved so much with little guidance, they were the old governing classes, it was feared that doubt should be cast upon their capacity for self-government. When that was conceded, it was found by experience that the instrument of government was imperfect and led to friction and finally to deadlock. But instead of being discouraged, Canadian statesmen proceeded to work out a new constitution for themselves, the fruit of their labors was a Confederation whose birth we are again about to celebrate.

It would be no exaggeration to say that Canadians have established a genius for self-government. Formidable geographical difficulties have been overcome. Racial antagonisms which might have led to conflict have been so managed that there is now a prevailing spirit of cooperation, unity and goodwill. In agriculture, manufacturing, mining, forestry, commerce and transportation, enterprise and energy have produced marvelous progress, and in education and other marks of civilization Canada takes a foremost place. Canadian national sentiment did not evaporate with the speeches and ceremonies of last year. It is not a firework but a plant deeply rooted and steadily growing. It is constructive, not destructive. Certain colonial-minded people show a curious incapacity to realize the nature and strength of this sentiment. They seem to identify love of Canada with hatred of the Empire of which Canada is a part, as if a young man could not fall in love and get married without quarreling with his mother-in-law. In trying to discourage national consciousness and patriotism these persons are making a hopeless fight against forces as irresistible as those of physical nature. The young men who are young in heart and mind as well as those who are young in years are fascinated by the prospect of national growth. It may be for them a spring of inspiration, a mighty incentive, enabling daily toil firing the heart of the student and the worker with the consciousness that earnest quest of truth and faithful work will help to build up the nation.

Those who fear that national sentiment may conflict with Imperial sentiment should reflect that there is no better way of strengthening the Empire than by strengthening its various parts. A weak or disunited Empire would be a barren one. The Empire, as would a weak or disunited Australia. The same is true of the United Kingdom itself. The so-called domestic problems, such as those of employment and housing, are really Imperial problems. A

poor man who was told that he lived in an Empire on which the sun never set, said that he lived in a place on which the sun never rose. Such problems Great Britain must solve for herself without any outside aid. No matter how strong his Imperial sentiment may be, one's love for the most part is for his own country, in the government of which he shares. —London Advertiser.

Tobacco Quality

Depends On Curing

Precautions Are Necessary To Produce Best Results

Tobacco, even of the best varieties, may be ever so well grown, but the value of the crop depends much on the manner in which it is cured. Not only must the tobacco plants be well nurtured, but the crop must be carefully handled to avoid injury by bluing, and then it must be so stored in proper curing barns as to allow good circulation of air through and among the leaves. There are some other precautions that are necessary to avoid too much sweating during what is termed the "browning" stage. The Tobacco Division of the Experimental Farms has issued a booklet for the guidance of tobacco growers, especially beginners, giving hints on the handling of the crop, pointing out the importance of the curing barns. This booklet can be obtained from the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, gives advice as to what to do when the weather is exceptionally dry and also during long wet periods at the time of curing. Under this latter condition it is recommended to raise the temperature of the barn to about 90 degrees, and to use of chemical fumigants, oil burners, or open fires of some smokeless material. If more favorable weather the ventilators must be operated so as to avoid too rapid drying.

Continuous Weeding Growing

Without Rotation Is Poor Practice

The growing of wheat continuously on the same land year after year without any rotation, is very poor practice. To make a test of this system, a comparison was made with a crop rotation, wheat was grown on two of the Experimental Farms in the Western Provinces for several years. The results showed an application of any manure or fertilizer, on the same land for five years. At the Experimental Station, at Scott, Saskatchewan, the average yield during this period was 14.8 bushels to the acre, while at 12.1 bushels. While fair yields have been secured in favorable seasons by this system of cropping, dry seasons have resulted in failure. A very serious objection to continuous wheat growing is that weeds ultimately become a pest. It is found that finally it becomes impossible to produce a profitable crop of wheat. Without a summer-fallow or an intertilled crop to break the weeds, the soil is exhausted. Furthermore, such a system makes no provision for distributing labor throughout the season, the rush coming all in the spring and fall months.

Cooked In Every Language

A lady was many weeks without finding a cook. In despair she at last answered an advertisement in an Irish paper. She had a reply and appointed an interview, defraying the woman's fare over.

"Can you cook?" asked the lady.

"Yes, marm," was the reply.

"Do you understand French cooking?" as his husband likes dairy dishes?"

"Why, yes, marm," said the cook. "I understand all furin' dishes."

"Really?" cried the lady, whose delight knew no bounds. "What can you do?"

"Well, marm, I can cook French beans, German sausages, Brussels sprouts, Jerusalem artichokes, Spanish onions, Dutch cheese."

Hud No Come Back

A school master named Bird was unpopular because of his quick temper. One morning his pupils went up to the blackboard.

"Hail to thee, blithe spirit; Bird thou never wert."

Two minutes later the Bird stalked in, glared at the blackboard, sniggered at his class, and snapped, "Who wrote that?"

"I wrote that," said the handsomely dressed boy, who had been the first to speak.

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By light-years is meant the number of years required for light to travel from a star to us.

Will Boost New Industry

Reindeer Meat Being Transported In Alaska By Airplane

Alaska has found a new use for aeroplanes and, at the same time, a valuable aid in its growing reindeer industry.

Regular transportation of reindeer meat by aeroplanes from this small northern province to the mainland has been started by the Arctic Proving and Development Company of Fairbanks.

A company plane, the Arctic Prospector, was the first ever used there and was the first to transport reindeer meat in Alaska. By a coincidence, Pilot C. J. Crawford also brought the first meat sold by the Shungnak Co-operative Company, recently organized with the assistance of the Alaska division of the United States bureau of education.

The native, over the years, has grown to great excitement by their first sight of an aeroplane, but experienced their greatest surprise when the chief of the Koyukuk Indians, one of the enemies of the Shungnak Eskimos, climbed from the plane for a friendly visit. For years the Eskimos had feared the Koyukuk tribe and as recently as two years ago maintained guards to warn against any attack.

Much of the meat taken by plane from Shungnak will be sent to the Koyukuk district, 150 miles South, where the prospecting company operates mining camps. A fortnightly service is planned for the summer months.

Alberta Provincial Poultry Plant

Over Ten Thousand Chickens Distributed This Year To Poultrymen

Over ten thousand chicks have been distributed during this spring from the Provincial Government Poultry Plant at Oliver, Alta. Officials in charge of the plant report that the demand has been greatly in excess of the supply and that many applications have been referred to other breeders and hatcheries for their requirements. The breeds represented in the shipments include White Leghorns, Barred Rocks, and White Wyandottes. Over three thousand chicks are being reared on the farm this spring, and in view of their increasing economic importance, a beginning is being made this year with turkeys.

Manitoba Stock For North Dakota

Because of a shortage of bulls in the north-western United States, Martin Aplan, livestock field man for the Greater North Dakota Association, has just purchased in Manitoba sixty short-horned bulls, which are being shipped to the United States throughout the State of North Dakota.

Uncle John: "How's things goin' to that college where your son goes?"

Uncle Walt: "I guess the college is dead."

Uncle Ezra: "No?"

Uncle Walt: "Yep. He writes me as how he's going around with the college widow!"

Pioneer of Great Shipping Line

The brig "Jean" was the pioneer vessel of the Allan Line fleet, which later became incorporated in the Canadian Pacific. In 1819, the year the Allan Line was formed—a Glasgow newspaper contained a "Notice to shippers and passengers to Canada, that the brig 'Jean,' Alexander Allan, Master, will clear from Greenock for Quebec on the 1st June, and proceed to sea at the first favourable opportunity thereafter." The actual entry of her sailing was contained in the issue of June 11th: "Sailed June 5th, 'Jean'."

She was then a brand new boat of 160 tons, having been launched at Irvine in the spring, with dimensions 76ft. 5in. long, a beam of 22ft. 6in., and 13ft. 6in. depth of hold. She had the square stern usual with vessels of her type at that date, and was carved built. Although the advertisements and all the history books describe her as a brig, students of naval architecture will find her rigging to be that of a brigantine—a very handy and economical rig.

An illustration of the change in the size of shipping in a hundred years is offered by the interesting fact that the "Duchess of Bedford," a 1,000-ton ship, was built in 1819, and could carry the "Jean" crosswise and only ten inches of the pioneer's bow and stern would project.

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Bulbs That Have Bloomed

Tulips May Be Left In The Ground Until Next Spring

Tulips, daffodils and other flowering bulbs that are to be left in the ground year after year, should not be closely cut. Whether the bloom is to be cut for bouquet purposes or allowed to die on the stem, a few leaves should remain on the plant until the foliage has died down to a yellowed condition. The flowers of next year must come from new bulbs that are produced by the plant early in the season. If the tops or foliage are cut to the ground the bulbs do not form properly and will not bloom next season. Bulletin No. 86, of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, entitled "Some Flowering Bulbs," expresses the view that tulips may remain in the ground several years if the tops are cut off after the leaves mature. This practice may be followed for two or three years when the bulbs should be taken up and be planted out in the nursery row. At the Vancouver Island Experimental Station the bulbs were taken up at any time from July 1 to September, and stored in a shed sheltered from the direct rays of the sun, there they may be kept at least moderately warm. The bulbs will not be in danger of rotting for planting out in October.

Generals Up-To-Date

Chinese Commute To War Zone In Motor Cars

Generals in Chinese armies commute from home to work at the front in motor cars, and men in the ranks use trucks for the same purpose, according to George C. Magellan, secretary-treasurer of the Fraser-Federal Inc., auto dealers in Tientsin. Mr. Magellan recently visited a big auto factory in Detroit, after six years in China.

Truck sales in China are exceeding passenger car business, according to Mr. Magellan. Prospects for the future in hostilities within a few months will reverse the situation. The absence of roads appears to make little difference in getting about the war zones or interfering with scheduled battles.

"At present," says Mr. Magellan, "there are about 26 bus lines operating in China, over routes from 75 to 350 miles in length. They seldom compete with railroads, and will increase rapidly when the revolution is ended. Road building will start when the men are discharged from the armies. Practically all taxes go for military purposes now."

Prince Will Take Salute

"The Prince of Wales will take the salute at the Menin Gate on August 8," said Major James Harter to a reporter recently. Major Harter is in charge of arrangements for the four-day pilgrimage of 10,000 ex-servicemen to the battlefields of Belgium and Ypres which the British Legion has organized.

When we stop asking questions and are satisfied with our knowledge along any line whatever, that is the end of progress.

The children reflected that they heard their elders discuss most extensively the subject of the battlefields. The eldest in turn, had given first place to incidents that impressed them most strikingly in their daily contacts, regardless of what their own standards of living might be.

If an index is sought to the mass of facts that is wished to what rivets its attention with greatest frequency in the social ferment, ask the people's children.

Commendation For The Press

Greatest Agency For Improvement Of Human Life Say Doctors

Significant statements were made at the recent meeting of the Ontario Medical Association at Kingston when newspapers were commended highly for their share in spreading information on the prevention and cure of disease.

Woodstock, president of the association, said the profession had passed the age of silence and he spoke in praise of the city treasury office. The children reflected that they heard their elders discuss most extensively the subject of the battlefields. The eldest in turn, had given first place to incidents that impressed them most strikingly in their daily contacts, regardless of what their own standards of living might be.

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Fire Is Greatest Menace To Forest

If Timber Is Cut Nature Looks After Re-forestation

There is an oft-expressed anxiety over the tremendous demands that newspapers and other periodicals are making upon the forests, but in a short time the earth will be shorn of all its coniferous trees. But from such solicitude certain facts should be relieved.

With the plan of cutting pulp wood in the forests supplying pulp for newsprint, and the resultant natural reforestation these forests should live for all time. The transmutation into pulp and then to newsprint may go forward even beyond the present demands without impairment of the supply which nature furnishes with an amazing industry, continuously manufacturing day and night, through the seasons and through the years.

So a tree suitable for newsprint may be said to serve its day and generation of human life and then its own mortality make way for others of its kind that will serve the next in like manner. There need be no concern over the great annual crop of wood of pulp wood. If only such a policy prevails as the governments of Ontario and Quebec, notably, are following with regard to their forests.

The real menace to the forests is fire. More timber is destroyed by fire than by any other cause for the making of paper and probably for any other useful purpose. There is nothing more depressing in nature than great forests burned over and land filled with blackened skeletons of a forest or the decadent growth that follows a fire. The great need, therefore, is to protect against forest fires and their spread.

Find Out From Children

They Give Clue To What Most Interests Their Elders

Boole, the social problem with which school children in Chicago, members of the sixth grade, are most familiar. Divorce and alimony cases next. A survey indicates thousands of pupils from all kinds of homes and with varied national antecedents, are interested in the same thing.

The sixth grade was chosen for the test by W. H. Burton, of the department of education at the University of Chicago, because from if the children enter a new environment, the Junior high schools, or go out to their own homes, they will find the same conditions peculiar to great American cities alone. Not at all.

The result of this examination was made in Salem, the state capital of Oregon, a dot on the map compared with the sprawling urban giant in Illinois. The result did not differ a great deal from that of the other cities.

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An Amazing Treasure Hunt

Hundreds Of Prospectors Being Directed To Northwest By Jack Hammill

The most amazing treasure hunt in the history of the world is taking place today in the Canadian North. It is for a quarter of a century Jack Hammill has been organized like a punitive expedition with a battle line stretching from the Yukon to Ungava. Over two hundred prospectors have joined in the quest, in addition to geologists, engineers and guides. Units of the army will be moved here and there across the pre-Canadian shield by gigantic monopolies. Sturdy warriors are carrying supplies into Hudson's Bay, and across, loaded with provisions and gasoline, are being tracked up the rivers to northern bases. The battle of man versus the map is on.

The commander-in-chief of the expedition is Jack Hammill, one of the most colorful figures to come out of the north. For a quarter of a century Hammill has been a leading figure in mining circles. He was responsible for the staling and development of Flin Flin; he is president of Howey, Harter and Green-Stable; he has grub-staked more prospectors than any doing staking together—and he is still on the job.

Hammill himself is directing operations at headquarters, but less than a mile away his private plane is moored ready to take him into the firing line as soon as a discovery is reported. They may dig up a cache of maps and reports compiled by his geologists and field men, for there is nothing haphazard about his method.

To use his own expression he is going to crack open the Canadian North-west—but it is going to be cracked open scientifically, mile by mile and acre by acre.

"By using the aeroplane," he told me, "we are going to do in five years what it would take fifty years to accomplish in the ordinary way. Every prospecting party we place in the field will be able to cover a much greater area than any party working without planes. When you consider that the cost of a plane is the price of 200 trained men you will get some idea of the possibilities.

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WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

By an order-in-council, the Saskatchewan Gasoline Act, 1928, has been amended to exempt all railway companies operating in Saskatchewan from payment of the tax.

Last year 63,000 British subjects from the United Kingdom were helped by the Government to settle overseas, states the "Oversea Settler."

Negotiations for trade treaties with several foreign countries, including Newfoundland, will be entered by the Canadian Government during the present year.

Dr. Otto Himmelman, long a figure in German political life and chief of the press bureau of the foreign office from 1894 to 1915, is dead at the age of 76.

The equal franchise bill, giving women the vote at the age of 21 under the same terms as men, passed its third reading in the House of Lords without discussion.

More beads, more pansama, more coats, more furs and more what are produced annually at the Saskatchewan fair in Regina, than in any other penitentiary in Canada.

At Philadelphia the seaplane FN-12, carrying a useful load of 2,000 kilograms (approximately 4,400 pounds) broke the world's altitude record by ascending more than 12,000 feet.

A new five-cent air mail postage rate, to be effective August first, is announced by Postmaster-General Nunn of the United States. A five-cent air mail stamp has been authorized.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, famous Arctic explorer, told the International Congress of Aerial Navigation that in 1929 he intends to make an extended polar flight in a dirigible airship. He said this ship is now being constructed in Germany.

Put Trout in Mountain Lake

Experiment in Fish Culture is Done Successfully in Jasper Park

After a journey of at least two thousand miles the largest group of United States immigrants that ever settled in Canada has established its home in Jasper National Park.

During the week-end, 200,000 Brook trout fingerlings, all the way from Creco, Pennsylvania, were placed in the water of Maligne lake. They came to Canada last winter as eggs and for months they have been carefully nursed in a hatchery specially constructed for them.

Albert Davis, one of the park wardens, whose charge they were, watched them grow from eggs to fish, kept the coil water running at the proper temperature, and when they were big enough to eat fed them chopped liver.

They were brought from Pennsylvania to Jasper by Canadian National Express, and were transferred to Maligne Lake by pack horse, wagon and automobile. There was no difficulty, in these last 35 miles to keep the time in which they floated constantly moving, and the journey without mishap.

The water of the lake was tested before they were lowered into it, and they showed themselves acclimated immediately. Oliver Bright of the Dominion Hatchery at Fort Qu'Appelle, superintended operations and Warden Davis kept watch over his pack until he saw them safe in their new home.

The stocking of Maligne Lake with trout is one of the experiments being made in glacial waters by the Dominion Government.

Reason For Expansion

With Canadians eating on the average, 80 pounds of pork per capita per year, 75 pounds of beef and only 10 pounds of lamb and mutton, there would seem every reason for expansion in the last named meat, according to a statement made by the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers' Association.

Speeding Up Mail Service

Letters From British Isles Delivered From One To Four Days Earlier

Letter mail from the British Isles and Europe will be brought from one to four days quicker to Canada through the Canadian Air Mail Service, recently inaugurated.

The Canadian Post Office Department, following successful experiments made last year, has entered into contracts for the conveyance of mail by air, to and from trans-Atlantic steamers. Incoming steamers are met at Rimouski on the River St. Lawrence and letter mail is taken off and despatched by airplane to Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto. Mail for western points are carried in the plane to Toronto and from there sent on by train.

The advance in delivery is from twenty-four to seventy-two hours, depending on the time of arrival of the steamer, train connections, etc.

On outgoing steamers a supplementary despatch is given to business correspondence by direct air service from Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal to Rimouski, where this mail is placed on a steamer sailing from Montreal or Quebec several hours previous to the regular departure.

A supplementary despatch is given to letters which would otherwise have had to wait the next outgoing steamer sailing perhaps three or four days later.

Under the Air Mail Service as at present operating is primarily intended to speed up the transmission of European mail, advantage is taken of the existing service to carry specially marked inter-city mail between Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec.

No extra postage is charged on letters carried by the air mail.

Red Cross Editorial Contest

Congratulations Are Extended To The Winners In Both Daily and Weekly Sections

Congratulations are now being widely offered all over Canada to those who have won prizes in the recent editorial contest inaugurated by the Canadian Red Cross Society for the best editorials published in the daily and weekly press of the Dominion, to celebrate the centenary of Henri Dunant and the founding of Red Cross for the world.

Prizes have been awarded to Robert Henderson, of the St. Thomas Times-Journal, St. Thomas, Ontario, for the best editorial published in any daily paper. While Miss May Stuart, of the Farmers' Advocate, London, Ontario, took the leading place in the weekly paper section in English. The other bright and clever people who won honors and prizes were: Second for dailies, H. B. Christie, The Express, Brantford, Ontario. Third, Miss Kenneth H. Haig, Manitoba Free Press, Winnipeg, Manitoba. It is worthy to note that Miss Cleland is the present president of the Canadian Women's Press Club, while Miss Haig is a past president.

Prizes for the weekly papers in English: second, C. J. Alben, The Canadian Weekly, Quebec. Third, C. W. Peterson, The Farm and Ranch Review, Calgary, Alberta.

For the French section, prizes were awarded respectively to Adolphe Savard, La Patrie, Montreal; P. Q.; J. M. J. Leclerc, La Presse, Quebec; P. Q.; and to Charles Gaudet, Le Droit, Ottawa, Ontario.

The judges for the English section formed into an adjudicating committee headed by Dr. James W. Robertson, chairman of the Central Council of the Canadian Red Cross Society; Dr. Lorne Pierce, Editor, The Ryerson Press, Toronto; J. P. H. Liversay, general manager, Canadian Press, Toronto; J. M. Elton, Canadian Author's Association, Toronto; Professor G. M. Wrong, (History Dept., University of Toronto) and Dr. Robert Choquet, (Education Dept.) were Mr. Leon Lorrain, of the Commercial High Schools, Montreal; Mr. Robert Choquet, professor of the University of Montreal, and Dr. Victor Morin, past president of the Canadian Authors' Association.

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Saskatchewan Anti-Tuberculosis League

Movement To Have Free Treatment Of All Patients At The Public Expense

The annual meeting of the Saskatchewan Anti-Tuberculosis League was held at the Sanatorium, Fort Qu'Appelle, on Thursday, June 14th.

In addition to the routine business, Mr. A. B. Cook, the president and managing director, briefly outlined the work of the League to date, and stressed the imperative necessity of extending the activities of the League along preventive lines, such as the examination of known "Contact Cases." He pointed out that at present no funds were available for this work, and that it had been decided, this year to proceed with the sale of Anti-Tuberculosis Christmas Seals, as was done in the other provinces of the Dominion and the United States, where funds for both curative and preventive work are largely raised by this means.

Mr. J. J. Lamb, Secretary of the Municipal Health Insurance Association, and Mr. J. G. Knox, of Tuxford, Reeve of the Rural Municipality of Manoka No. 193, were elected to the Board of Directors to serve for a period of three years.

Two resolutions passed at the last Annual Convention of the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities, dealing with free treatment and examination of school children, were read to the meeting and discussed.

In view of the fact that resolutions had also been passed by the United Farmers, Saskatchewan Branch, and by the Independent Order of the Daughters of the Empire, endorsing the principle of free treatment, these resolutions were heartily endorsed by the meeting.

It was resolved that the Legislature be petitioned to amend the Sanatorium Act so that all classes of T.B. patients shall have free treatment available at the public expense. (a) Partly by the Government; (b) Partly by all Urban and Rural Municipalities in the Province.

It was further suggested that the share of responsibility be apportioned as follows: The Government to undertake all capital expenditure required in furnishing the necessary sanatoria with their equipment, and also contribute toward the expense of care and treatment of \$1000 per hospital day, and the balance of care and treatment cost to be paid semi-annually by all municipalities of the Province on an equitable basis.

That the Convention request the Provincial Government to enact Legislation making it compulsory that all children of school age be examined for the diagnosis of tuberculosis and that subsequent to the first examination, examinations be held under the direction of the Department of Public Health.

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Farmers' Marketing Tour
Canadian National Railway Tour
To Great Britain and Denmark, 1928

(Continued.)

The most important news item so far was that at 8.20 we were viewing the Snow Hill Police Station adjoining the Sheffield Market, the finest in the world in Great Britain, yet, notwithstanding its modernity, its cleanliness and hygienic advantages and the interesting pictures of lovely lawns which we found in the police station recreation room, none of us really enjoyed it.

From this last word in police stations we went to the smoke house and provision establishment of Messrs. George Bowles, Nicholls & Co., Ltd., where we were shown side of bacon from twelve countries, including Canada. Mr. George J. Nicholls, Managing Director, compared the various qualities Canadian bacon, he said, was placed fourth in public favor. First English, then Irish, next Danish, and then Canadian. Company's son was also made with butter, cheese and eggs. Two Chinese eggs were broken and shown to be perfectly "fresh" so far as color and smell were concerned. Both yolks and whites were of a bright yellow, and Mr. Nicholls regarding the requirements of the British market, and whose remarks brought forth many questions from the party.

After this we went to the Central Markets Committee of the Corporation of the City of London, where we saw the Smithfield Fruit and Vegetables Market, including the stalls which are being made to the latter at a cost of \$100,000.

Next we went to the largest market in this seven-hundred-year-old city, which is to reflect upon the list in the world, except to recall here, that the market was the largest in the world, and that it had been the scene of the burning of the market, for some years were ravaged by the flames, and the market was never seen since. There were 50 stalls, and the market was the largest in the world, and that it had been the scene of the burning of the market, for some years were ravaged by the flames, and the market was never seen since.

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afternoon to a session with representatives of the Provision and Grain Trade Association under the ausp

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

R. S. Sexton Proprietor A. Harkin

Thursday, July 19, 1928

Joe Radford left on a trip to Montreal, on Friday.
Miss M. Reilly, of Winnipeg, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. M. G. Boyd.

Mrs. W. Pullen returned from a holiday trip to the States, on Friday night.

Miss Lona Barry, returned on Wednesday of last week from Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Reg. Poole and little son, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ellis over the week end.

Mrs. Kelley, has been indisposed since the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Whaley and family arrived on Friday night from Le Ross, Sask., and have taken up their residence in the old Carlson house.

Dr. A. K. McNeill
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)
Physician and Surgeon
Phone 44
Office . . . Centre Street

Coal, Wood, Contract Work or GENERAL
DRAINING
Light or Heavy Work
Transfer to and from C.P.R. Depot
Imperial Oil Agent
E. H. FOUNTAIN
Prompt attention given
to all work
Phone No. 9

Miss Helen Arthur is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Noel, Alaska.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Crocker, and Mr. and Mrs. Patterson and a number of others from north of town, returned from Calgary on Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. H. McCune and family were in town over Sunday: bringing home Rawleigh, Donald and Jack McCune, who had been visiting with them at Madison. Miss Grace Clott accompanied them on their return journey and will spend a holiday with them.

DENTIST
Dr. DOWLER
Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays
Offices: Royal Bank Building (Opposite Hotel)
At Leader:
Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays

DOMINION CAFE
FIRST CLASS MEALS
GOOD ROOMS
Always a Full Stock Carried
Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes
ICE CREAM & SUNDAES
Dance and after-theatre lunches.
A Place of City Style.

Mrs. W. S. GREER
at the Clarkson house
DRESSMAKER
Expert in Ladies' and Children's Dresses.
See me early for New Fall Styles

POUND NOTICE
Impounded on June 12, on Sec. 36, tp. 25, Rgs. 26, w. 3rd mer.
1 Bay Gelding, star in forehead, branded 88 on left hip, weight about 1500 lbs., 12 years old or more.
Henry Klippert, Poundkeeper,
Estuary, Sask.

Mrs. Montgomery, housekeeper at the hospital, entertained friends from Medicine Hat over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Pawlak and sons Jerome, Roman and Francis, were visitors to Medicine Hat, for a few days this week.

Freddie Stoneley is visiting

his little friend Gordie Watson at the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Watson, north of the river.

Mrs. F. Sibley, and children, are visiting with her mother, at Innisfail, Alta.

Ritchie Young, of Irricana, arrived in town Wednesday

night, visiting with his brother, Charlie Young.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Frazer have moved into the house recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. J. Westburg.

Miss Hazel Northeott has taken the position of teacher at Cleveland school.

WANTED
To purchase Second-hand Sewing Machine—Apply to Matron of Empress Hospital.
Will Trade for Town Property
½ Section of land, well medium chert, 200 acres broken, 100 more to break, nearly all fenced, fine spring on place.—Apply, A. F. Hubbs, Canadian, Alta.

Whereas CLIMATE
and Other Conditions over which the farmer has no control have prevented a number of Pool Members from delivering their wheat prior to the date set for Cut-Off, July 16th, 1928.

The Board of Directors by Resolutions passed at its 7th day of July, 1928, Have Authorised that any

STREET WHEAT
delivered at, or any CARLOAD
Lots billed out of country houses on or before
July 31st, 1928, be settled for on a basis of 1927-28
POOL Prices

Members delivering Wheat between the dates, July 18th and August 1st, will receive the INITIAL PAYMENT on 1928-29 Initial Payment Schedule. But an ADJUSTMENT will be made by the POOL HEAD OFFICE which will bring the payment up to the 1927-28, Pool Average Price

ALBERTA WHEAT POOL

JOINING THE WHEAT POOL IS GOOD BUSINESS

A Toronto Business Man, Owner of Alberta Farm Land, Says He Would Not Think of Staying Out of the Alberta Wheat Pool.

J. T. Todd, general manager of the J. T. Todd Lumber Company, Toronto, Ontario, is the owner of a large tract of land in the Crowfoot district in Alberta. He is a staunch member of the Alberta Wheat Pool. In fact, so interested is Mr. Todd in the development that he is endeavoring to persuade non-Pool neighbors to join the organization.

In a recent letter to a neighbor at Crowfoot, Mr. Todd says:

"Dear . . .
"I have often wondered if you had joined the Wheat Pool. If you have not, I believe if you will consider this matter seriously you will find it is much to your interest to be a member of the Pool. As you know the Pool is only the farmer in business for himself, and the more support the Pool has the better it is going to do for all of us. It is simply a cold-blooded proposition as far as we are concerned and we, like everyone else in the business, want to get as much for our labor and wheat as we can. This is a day of co-operation and not only the farmers are doing this but the largest industries, such as automobile and steel, are doing the same. The people in the steel and automobile business are considered to be the brainiest people in the world and they are only following the lead which the farmers have pointed out to them during the past five years. Stores are also doing the same.
"I believe if you will consider this matter from your own best interest and the best interests of the community and farmers at large you will decide that YOU CANNOT AFFORD NOT TO BE A POOL MEMBER. I would not think of being out of the Pool myself and I just purchased 340 more acres of land this spring, and as you know, 200 acres of that is now broken and will be in crop next year. All of my land is in the Pool, and in fact, if I had ten times as much land as I have it could be handled in no other way than through the Pool.
"I would like to see you and all the other fellows in the Crowfoot district members of the Pool. If enough would come in we could have an elevator at Crowfoot and that is what we want in time. I believe that by the way the movement is growing we will eventually have it."

Sign A Wheat Pool Now CONTRACT

DON. MacRAE SPECIALS

Men's DRESS SHIRTS
Regular 1.90 to 2.25 value for - 1.60

MEN'S TIES
Reg. .75 to \$1.00 value for - .60
School Girl's Fancy Hose at Reduced Prices

White Turkish Towelling for 25c yd.
Regular at 45c. a yard

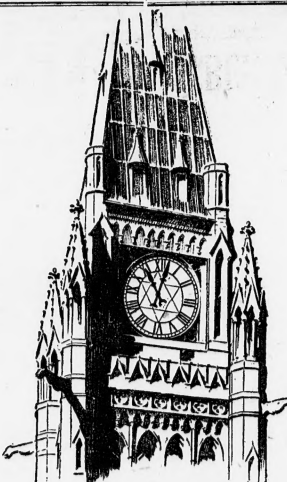
See our China Tea Sets at - 3.75
A Real Bargain

Brodies' Store News

Pure PINEAPPLE MARMALADE 3lb. Glass Jar, reg. 80c.	Pure ONTARIO HONEY 5lbs. Pails Spec. 80
65	
SEEDLESS RAISINS 5lb. packages	Sheriff's Jelly Powders 13 packages
80	95

Use HIRES' ROOT BEER Extract
to make your own Root Beer. Each bottle of Extra makes five gallons of delicious beverage

Special price - 25c. bottle



The Victory Tower of the Dominion Parliament Buildings at Ottawa, from which the stirring message of the carillon rings forth.

EVERY TWO MINUTES OF EVERY BUSINESS DAY . . . SOMEONE IN CANADA BUYS A NEW GENERAL MOTORS CAR

SINCE the days of Confederation, General Motors of Canada Limited has been supplying Canada with transportation. Each year as requirements have multiplied, the scope of General Motors service has widened. . . the quality of General Motors cars has steadily improved. Each year more Canadians have looked to General Motors for better automobiles, until now, every two minutes of every business day, someone in Canada buys a new General Motors car. These cars are bought by people you know . . . by people like yourself . . . for the very reasons which would guide you in the choice of a car.

They are bought because they are the product of the most progressive organization in the world's most progressive industry . . . because they reflect the General Motors policy of constant advancement . . . because they are better cars.

They represent the latest developments of the world's leading automotive research laboratory, offering these developments to the public as soon as they become available. They are proved in advance, at the expense of General Motors, not the public. They are better cars because they are Canadian cars. And they embody greater value because of General Motors money-saving methods of quantity buying and volume production. This popularity of General Motors cars holds more than a passing interest for the Canadian car buyer . . . for General Motors utilizes increased demand to reduce production costs and to offer still more outstanding automobile value.

GENERAL MOTORS CANADA Limited

HEAD OFFICE AND FACTORIES—OSHAWA, ONTARIO

CHEVROLET—PONTIAC—OLDSMOBILE—OAKLAND—BUICK—LACELLE—CADILLAC—All with body by Fisher

GENERAL MOTORS TRUCK

IT'S BETTER BECAUSE IT'S CANADIAN